## Iron Bisglycinate Absorption is Well Studied

Author/ Publication	Study Design	Study Population	Duration / Dosage	Primary Outcome	Conclusions
Pineda et al., J Appl Nutr 1994; 46(1-2): 2-13.	Double blind, intervention trial	N=100 M&F, age 10-19y; Hb <12 g/dL	<ul> <li>4 weeks</li> <li>30 mg Fe Bisglycinate</li> <li>60 mg Fe Bisglycinate</li> <li>120 mg Fe Bisglycinate</li> <li>120 mg FeSO4</li> <li>*all groups rec'd 250 mcg/day folic acid</li> </ul>	Hemoglobin Ferritin Gastric Distress	<ul> <li>All treatments ↑Hemoglobin</li> <li>All treatments ↑ Ferritin</li> <li>GI distress from chelates was &lt;50% of FeSO4</li> </ul>
Makled et al., J Eviden Base Wom Health 2020; 10(1): 95-103	Randomized, controlled trial	N=150 pregnant women with Hb between 8- 10.5g/dL and serum ferritin < 15 mcg/L; age 19-37y	<ul> <li>12 weeks</li> <li>Fe Bisglycinate Chelate (15 mg elemental Fe)</li> <li>Fe Fumarate (115 mg elemental Fe)</li> </ul>	Hemoglobin	<ul> <li>Significant ↑Hemoglobin higher in FeBisGly group</li> <li>Significant ↑serum iron higher in FeBisGly group</li> <li>Significant ↑ serum ferritin higher in FeBisGly group</li> </ul>
Coplin MS et al; Clin Ther 1991; 13(5): 606-612.	Randomized, double blind, crossover trial	N=42 premenopausal women w/ normal iron status; ages 18-40y;	<ul><li>14 days</li><li>50 mg elemental iron as:</li><li>Iron bisglycinate</li><li>FeSO4</li></ul>	Tolerability Subject Preference	<ul> <li>Iron bisglycinate tolerated as well as FeSO4</li> <li>Subjects reported higher preference for Iron Bisglycinate</li> </ul>
Bovell-Benjamin AC, et al; Am J Clin Nutr 2000; 71: 1562- 1569.	Randomized intervention trial	Study 1: N=10 healthy M, age 19-30y Study 2: N=33 healthy F, age 18-48y	<ul><li>Whole-maize meal with either:</li><li>FeSO4</li><li>FeBisGly</li><li>FeTrisGly</li></ul>	Iron Absorption (radioassay) Serum Ferritin	FeBisGly is better absorbed than FeSO4 in whole maize meal



